

# Synthesis Preloaded



PRELOADED ABERRATION

FREE ASPHERIC LENS

Models SIP and SIPY (yellow)

## EN INTRACULAR LENS

**DESCRIPTION:** The Synthesis intracocular lens (IOL) is a single-piece ultraviolet (UV) absorbing posterior chamber IOL developed to replace the natural crystalline lens in pseudophakic adult patients. The Synthesis IOL has been designed to be free of spherical aberration. The preloaded intracocular Synthesis lens is supplied with an Accutech Pro Delivery System to provide a sterile, controlled and touch-free method of delivery of the lens into the ocular bag. The Preloaded Synthesis IOL is supplied in 2 different models - Models SIP or SIPY. See label on the cardboard box for type of the lens.



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## PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

Lens / Haptic Material	Model SIP: Foldable hydrophilic acrylic copolymer containing a UV absorber. Model SIPY: Foldable hydrophilic acrylic copolymer containing a UV absorber and a blue light filtering chromophore.
Material Characteristics	Index of Refraction when wet at 20°C: 1.460 Index of Refraction when in the eye at 35°C: 1.459
Spectral Transmittance	Model SIP: 10% transmittance at 365 nanometers for >20 diopter IOL. Model SIPY: 10% transmittance at 374 nanometers for >20 diopter IOL. See FIG.8 with chart's X-axis = Wavelength (nm) and Y-value = % Transmittance
Optic Type	Aspheric aberration free
Powers	-10.0 to +40.0 diopters
Dimensions	Body Diameter: 6.0 mm; Overall Diameter: 10.5 mm to 11 mm across the dioptric range; Haptic Angle: 0°
Lens Orientation	The anterior side of the lens is facing up towards the anterior side of the eye. As illustrated in FIG.7, when the orientation features are top right (A) and bottom left (B), you are facing the anterior side of the lens.

**INDICATIONS:** The Synthesis posterior chamber lens is indicated for primary implantation for the visual correction of aphakia in adult patients. The lens is designed for implantation in the capsular bag.

## CONTRA-INDICATIONS AND WARNINGS:

Physicians considering lens implantation in any of the following circumstances (but not limited to) must weigh the potential risk/benefit ratio: recurrent severe anterior or posterior segment inflammation or ulcers; patients in whom the IOL may affect the ability to observe, diagnose, or treat posterior segment diseases; surgical difficulties increasing the potential for complications (such as but not limited to: persistent bleeding, significant iris damage, uncontrolled positive pressure, or significant vitreous prolapse or loss); distorted eye due to previous trauma or developmental defect in which appropriate support of the IOL is not possible; circumstances that would result in damage to the endothelium during implantation; patients in whom neither the posterior capsule nor zonule are intact enough to provide support; suspected microbial infection.

As with any surgical procedure, there is risk involved. Potential complications of cataract surgery may include, but are not limited to the following: infection, endophthalmitis, pupillary membrane, iris-vitreous communication, CME, TASS ...).

The IOL must be implanted in accordance to the following instructions for use. Improper use may impose risk to the patient's health.

Do not use if product sterility or quality is thought to be compromised due to damaged packaging or signs of leakage.

Do not attempt to modify or alter the device or any of its components.

Do not reuse the lens and the preloaded system. Reuse may impose serious risk to the patient's health.

Do not sterilize as this can produce undesirable side effects.

PRECAUTIONS:

• Store at room temperature. Avoid temperatures below 5°C or above 45°C. Do not freeze.

• The IOL model, its power and expiration date should be verified before opening the protective packaging and before opening the individual sterile pouch.

• Use correct injector compatible.

• Sterility of the IOL and of the injector parts is guaranteed only if the individual sterile pouches have not been opened or damaged.

• IOLs must be carefully rinsed prior to implantation. Do not soak or rinse the IOL with any solution other than sterile balanced salt solution.

• Care should be taken to remove all viscoelastic from the anterior and posterior surfaces of the lens after implantation in the capsular bag.

• If a YAG laser capsulotomy is performed, assure that the laser beam is focused slightly behind the posterior capsule.

**PACKAGING / STERILIZATION:**

The Preloaded Synthesis IOL is individually packaged in a pouch and a vial containing balanced salt solution that should be opened under sterile conditions. The Synthesis IOL is placed in a loading chamber, fixed by a lens holder, all immersed in BSS. A patient card and self-adhesive labels are supplied in the carton to provide traceability of the IOL. The Preloaded Synthesis IOL is steam sterilized.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:**

1. The physician should determine preoperatively the power of the lens to be implanted, using calculation methods. The recommended A-constants listed on the lens carton are guidelines only.

2. Prior to implanting, examine the lens package for model, power and proper configuration.

3. Open the carton and remove the sterilized pouch containing the lens vial. Gradually peel the pouch apart to release the vial onto the sterile field. Inspect the vial. Make sure it is not damaged and the seal is not broken. Hold the vial in one hand. Grasp the pull-tab of the foil lid and peel the foil lid away from you while holding the vial in a horizontal position to expose the loading chamber.

Please refer to the enclosed figures to place the loading chamber into the compatible injector.

4. Remove the loading chamber containing the lens from the lens vial by pulling up on the upper loop of the lens holder. Do not remove the lens holder at this time.

5. Thoroughly rinse the loading chamber containing the lens with a sterile balanced salt solution, avoiding contact with gloves. Do not touch the lens.

6. Gently insert the loading chamber into the injector ensure that the lens is in withdrawn position. Insert the loading chamber until the opening of the compatible injector body until it locks into position (FIG. 1).

The IOL doit être implantée conformément aux instructions suivantes. Toute utilisation inadaptée peut entraîner des risques pour la santé du patient.

Ne pas utiliser ce produit si son emballage est abimé ou si vous constatez des traces de fuite, et que vous soupçonnez une altération de sa stérilité ou de sa qualité.

Ne pas essayer de modifier ou d'altérer le dispositif ou l'un de ses composants.

Ne pas utiliser la lentille après sa date d'expiration.

Ne pas réutiliser la lentille et le système préchargé. Toute réutilisation peut entraîner des risques importants pour la santé du patient.

Ne pas résteriliser sous peine d'effets secondaires indésirables.

**PRÉCAUTIONS :**

• Entreposez à température ambiante. Ne pas conserver à des températures inférieures à 5 °C et supérieures à 45 °C. Ne pas congeler le produit.

• Vérifiez le modèle de la IOL, la puissance et la date d'expiration avant l'ouverture de l'emballage de protection et de l'enveloppe stérile.

• Utilisez un injecteur approprié et compatible.

• La lentille intraoculaire de l'injecteur n'est garantie que si l'enveloppe stérile individuelle n'a pas été ouverte ou endommagée.

• Rincer soigneusement les IOL avant toute implantation. Utiliser uniquement une solution saline équilibrée stérile pour rincer ou faire tremper la IOL.

• Retirer toute trace de viscoélastique des surfaces antérieure et postérieure de la lentille après implantation dans le sac capsulaire.

• Only viscoelastic solution of low to medium viscosity should be used.

Only the injection system provided with the preloaded Synthesis lens should be used.

There are various surgical procedures that can be utilized, and the surgeon should select a procedure that is appropriate for the patient.

**SYMBOLS USED ON LABELING:**

Symbol	Description
D	Dioptrie
ØB	Diamètre du corps
ØT	Diamètre total

## Synthesis Preloaded LENTILE ASPIRÉE PRÉCHARGÉE SANS ABERRATION

Modèles SIP et SIPY (jaune)

### FR LENTILE INTRAOCCULARE

**DESCRIPTION :** La lentille intraoculaire (IOL) Synthesis est une lentille intraoculaire monobloc de chambre postérieure filtrant les rayons ultraviolets (UV) et développée pour remplacer le cristallin naturel chez les patients pseudophakes adultes. La IOL Synthesis dispose d'une optique asphérique conçue pour être utilisée dans des conditions stériles. La IOL est placée dans une chambre de chargement, fixée par une goupille, puis immergée dans une solution saline équilibrée stérile. Une carte patient et des étiquettes adhésives sont fournies dans le carton pour garantir la traçabilité de la IOL. La IOL préchargée Synthesis est stérilisée à la vapeur.

**CONDITIONNEMENT & STÉRILISATION :**

Les IOL préchargées Synthesis sont conditionnées individuellement dans une enveloppe et dans un flacon contenant une solution saline équilibrée qui doivent être ouverts dans des conditions stériles. La IOL est placée dans une chambre de chargement, fixée par une goupille, puis immergée dans une solution saline équilibrée stérile. Une carte patient et des étiquettes adhésives sont fournies dans le carton pour garantir la traçabilité de la IOL. La IOL préchargée Synthesis est stérilisée à la vapeur.

**INSTRUCTIONS / STÉRILISATION :**

La Synthesis posterior chamber lens is indicated for primary implantation for the visual correction of aphakia in adult patients. The lens is designed for implantation in the capsular bag.

**CONTRA-INDICATIONS AND WARNINGS:**

Physicians considering lens implantation in any of the following circumstances (but not limited to) must weigh the potential risk/benefit ratio: recurrent severe anterior or posterior segment inflammation or ulcers; patients in whom the IOL may affect the ability to observe, diagnose, or treat posterior segment diseases;

surgical difficulties increasing the potential for complications (such as but not limited to: persistent bleeding, significant iris damage, uncontrolled positive pressure, or significant vitreous prolapse or loss); distorted eye due to previous trauma or developmental defect in which appropriate support of the IOL is not possible; circumstances that would result in damage to the endothelium during implantation; patients in whom neither the posterior capsule nor zonule are intact enough to provide support; suspected microbial infection.

As with any surgical procedure, there is risk involved. Potential complications of cataract surgery may include, but are not limited to the following: infection, endophthalmitis, pupillary membrane, iris-vitreous communication, CME, TASS ...).

The IOL must be implanted in accordance to the following instructions for use. Improper use may impose risk to the patient's health.

Do not use if product sterility or quality is thought to be compromised due to damaged packaging or signs of leakage.

Do not attempt to modify or alter the device or any of its components.

Do not reuse the lens and the preloaded system. Reuse may impose serious risk to the patient's health.

Do not sterilize as this can produce undesirable side effects.

**PRECAUTIONS:**

• Store at room temperature. Avoid temperatures below 5°C or above 45°C. Do not freeze.

• The IOL model, its power and expiration date should be verified before opening the protective packaging and before opening the individual sterile pouch.

• Use correct injector compatible.

• Sterility of the IOL and of the injector parts is guaranteed only if the individual sterile pouches have not been opened or damaged.

• IOLs must be carefully rinsed prior to implantation. Do not soak or rinse the IOL with any solution other than sterile balanced salt solution.

• Care should be taken to remove all viscoelastic from the anterior and posterior surfaces of the lens after implantation in the capsular bag.

• If a YAG laser capsulotomy is performed, assure that the laser beam is focused slightly behind the posterior capsule.

**PACKAGING / STERILIZATION:**

The Preloaded Synthesis IOL is individually packaged in a pouch and a vial containing balanced salt solution that should be opened under sterile conditions. The Synthesis IOL is placed in a loading chamber, fixed by a lens holder, all immersed in BSS. A patient card and self-adhesive labels are supplied in the carton to provide traceability of the IOL. The Preloaded Synthesis IOL is steam sterilized.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:**

1. The physician should determine preoperatively the power of the lens to be implanted, using calculation methods. The recommended A-constants listed on the lens carton are guidelines only.

2. Prior to implanting, examine the lens package for model,

power and proper configuration.

3. Open the carton and remove the sterilized pouch containing the lens vial. Gradually peel the pouch apart to release the vial onto the sterile field. Inspect the vial. Make sure it is not damaged and the seal is not broken. Hold the vial in one hand. Grasp the pull-tab of the foil lid and peel the foil lid away from you while holding the vial in a horizontal position to expose the loading chamber.

Please refer to the enclosed figures to place the loading chamber into the compatible injector.

4. Remove the loading chamber containing the lens from the lens vial by pulling up on the upper loop of the lens holder. Do not remove the lens holder at this time.

5. Thoroughly rinse the loading chamber containing the lens with a sterile balanced salt solution, avoiding contact with gloves. Do not touch the lens.

6. Gently insert the loading chamber into the injector ensure that the lens is in withdrawn position. Insert the loading chamber until the opening of the compatible injector body until it locks into position (FIG. 1).

Toute procédure chirurgicale comporte des risques. Les complications potentielles de la chirurgie de la cataracte sont (sans s'y limiter) les suivantes: inflammation (Iridocyclite, membrane cornéenne, édème maculaire cystoïde, syndrome toxique du segment antérieur, etc.), lésions endothéliales corneennes, endophthalmitis, décollement de rétine, œdème cornéen, bloc pupillaire, prolapsus irien, hypotonie, glaucome, atrophie de l'iris, atrophie de la rétine, prolapsus du corps vitré, décentration ou inclinaison de la chambre postérieure de l'œil, adhérences entre la chambre postérieure et la chambre antérieure, etc.

7. Retournez la chambre de charge de l'injecteur et nettoyez-la avec de l'eau stérile.

8. Ensuite, nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

9. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

10. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

11. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

12. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

13. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

14. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

15. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

16. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

17. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

18. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

19. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

20. Nettoyez l'injecteur et nettoyez-le avec de l'eau stérile.

